

FRESHWATER RESEARCH AND ENVIRONMENTAL DATABASE

Arendsee water chemistry

FRED Package 35

The Arendsee is one of the few lakes in Germany with long-term data on physical, chemical and biological parameters. The lake was studied particularly intensively between 1976 and 1985, between 1991 and 2000 and during the last 15 years.

This dataset contains the data collected by the Helmholtz Center for Environmental Research (Helmholtz-Zentrum für Umweltforschung, UFZ), the State Office for Flood Protection and Water Management Saxony-Anhalt (Landesbetrieb für Hochwasserschutz und Wasserwirtschaft Sachsen-Anhalt, LHW) and the Leibniz-Institute of Freshwater Ecology and Inland Fisheries (IGB).

Study site

The lake Arendsee is located in the Altmark region in Saxony-Anhalt. With an area of 514 hectares, Arendsee is one of the ten largest lakes in the federal state. As is the case with many other lakes in Germany and other countries in Europe, the lake Arendsee is also affected by eutrophication. Owing to an excessive input of phosphorus, particularly in spring and summer, there is often an excessive growth of algae and cyanobacteria, which can result in the temporary restriction in the use of the lake for bathing purposes. It is now known that the main cause of the lake's ecologically poor condition is contamination of the groundwater.

Characteristics

Area: 5.14 km ²
Maximum depth: 48 m
Average depth: 29 m

Water volume: 147 million m³

Maximum length: 3.24 km Maximum width: 2 km

Sampling location (deepest point): N 52.8894°, E 11.4602°

List of elements

| date | Datum | | dd.mm.yyyy |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| institute | Institut | | |
| depth | Tiefe | | m |
| chlorophyll a | Chlorophyll a | Chl_a | μg L ⁻¹ |
| secchi depth | Secchi-Tiefe (Sichttiefe) | ST | m |
| temperature | Temperatur | T | °C |
| oxygen-konzentration | Sauerstoff-Konzentration | 02 | mg L ⁻¹ |
| oxygen-saturation | Sauerstoff-Sättigung | 02 | % |
| pН | pН | рН | |
| conductivity | Leitfähigkeit | Lf | μS cm ⁻¹ |
| dissolved phosphorus | gelöster Phosphor | SRP | mg L ⁻¹ |
| total phosphorus | Gesamtphosphat | TP | mg L ⁻¹ |
| ammonium-nitrogen | Ammonium-Stickstoff | NH ⁴ -N | mg L ⁻¹ |
| nitrite | Nitrit | NO ² -N | mg L ⁻¹ |
| nitrate | Nitrat | NO ³ -N | mg L ⁻¹ |
| organic nitrogen | organischer Stickstoff | org_N | 3 |
| total nitrogen | Gesamtstickstoff | TN | mg L ⁻¹ |
| total inorganic nitrogen | Gesamt-anorganischer-Stickstoff | TIN | mg L ⁻¹ |
| dissolved organic carbon | gelöster organischer Kohlenstoff | DOC | mg L ⁻¹ |
| total organic carbon | gesamter organischer-Kohlenstoff | TOC | mg L ⁻¹ |
| total inorganic carbon | Gesamt-anorganischer-Kohlenstoff | TIC | mg L ⁻¹ |
| chloride | Chlorid | Cl | mg L ⁻¹ |
| sulfate | Sulfat | SO ₄ ²⁻ | mg L ⁻¹ |
| sulfide | Sulfid | H ₂ S | mg L ⁻¹ |
| iron | Eisen | Fe | mg L ⁻¹ |
| manganese | Mangan | Mn | mg L ⁻¹ |
| kalium | Kalium | K | mg L ⁻¹ |
| natrium | Natrium | Na | mg L ⁻¹ |
| calcium | Calzium | Ca | mg L ⁻¹ |
| magnesium | Magnesium | Mg | mg L ⁻¹ |
| chrome | Chrom | Cr | mg L ⁻¹ |
| copper | Kupfer | Cu | mg L ⁻¹ |
| cadmium | Cadmium | Cd | mg L ⁻¹ |
| aluminium | Aluminium | Al | mg L ⁻¹ |
| boron | Bor | В | mg L ⁻¹ |
| nickel | Nickel | Ni | mg L ⁻¹ |
| zinc | Zink | Zn | mg L ⁻¹ |
| lead | Blei | Pb | mg L ⁻¹ |
| arsenic | Arsen | As | mg L ⁻¹ |
| sulphur | Schwefel | S | mg L ⁻¹ |
| total hardness | Gesamthärte | GH | °dH |
| acidity constant | Säurekonstante | K_S | mmol L ⁻¹ |
| cabonate hardness | Karbonathärte | KH | °dH |
| | Hydrogenkarbonat | K⊓ HCO₃ | |
| hydrogen carbonate calcium carbonate | Calziumkarbonat | HCO₃ CaCO₃ | mg L ⁻¹ mg L ⁻¹ |
| silicon | | CaCO₃ Si | - |
| SHICOH | Silizium | ડા | mg L ⁻¹ |

Comments

Temperature, oxygen, pH and conductivity are only used to classify the measurement data. Probe data are available in other packages.

As this is a collection of data from three institutions, some of these parameters were only measured by one institution.

They are almost exclusively depth profiles. Mixed samples were marked with the depth 100m.

Data

timespan 1960 ongoing

Interval 1 to 32 samples per year

The data collection starts in 1960 with a depth profile of phosphorus values with additional data such as water temperature, oxygen and pH. From 1963 to 1970 there are individual values for P and N compounds and ions and some metals. Sampling became more frequent from 1972 onwards. Phosphorus was sampled particularly intensively from 1976 to 1985 and from 1991 onwards.

Contact

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| Data collection | UFZ 1960-2003 | |

LHW since 1996 IGB since 1998